# **EOC of San Luis Obispo County, Inc.**

Service Area	San Luis Obispo County
Total Low Income Households	25,441

See Footnote #1

## **Households Served and Average Benefit**

	Servi	Service Area				
Program Component	Households Served Average Benefit per Household		Average Benefit per Household			
ECIP EHCS Cooling	10	\$1,013	\$861			
ECIP EHCS Heating	95	\$1,214	\$1,208			
ECIP Fast Track	237	\$355	\$351			
ECIP WPO	64	\$237	\$322			
HEAP Gas & Electric	1108	\$213	\$238			
HEAP WPO	51	\$298	\$299			
Weatherization	85	\$1,854	\$1,446			

See Footnote #2

## **Household Income**

	Service Area				Statewide	
LIHEAP Eligible Households	Under 100%	101 - 125%	Over 125%	Under 100%	101 - 125%	Over 125%
Census Data	36%	17%	47%	39%	16%	45%

		Service Area				
Program Component	Under 75%	75% to 100%	101% to 125%	126% to 150%	Over 150%	
ECIP EHCS & WPO	25%	24%	20%	22%	9%	
ECIP Fast Track	53%	16%	17%	6%	7%	
HEAP Gas & Electric	31%	16%	30%	11%	11%	
HEAP WPO	39%	29%	22%	10%	0%	
Weatherization	18%	20%	20%	26%	16%	

	Statewide				
Program Component	Under 75%	75% to 100%	101% to 125%	126% to 150%	Over 150%
ECIP EHCS & WPO	28%	17%	24%	16%	15%
ECIP Fast Track	49%	16%	18%	8%	9%
HEAP Gas & Electric	30%	16%	33%	12%	10%
HEAP WPO	28%	14%	28%	13%	17%
Weatherization	28%	17%	25%	13%	17%

See Footnote #3

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## **Vulnerable Populations**

	Service Area				Statewide	
LIHEAP Eligible Households	Elderly	Disabled	Children Under 5	Elderly	Disabled	Children Under 5
Census Data	39%	36%	6%	33%	37%	8%

	Service Area	Statewide
Program Component	VP HHs to Total HHs	VP HHs to Total HHs
ECIP EHCS & WPO	89%	77%
ECIP Fast Track	89%	81%
HEAP Gas & Electric	81%	76%
HEAP WPO	67%	82%
Weatherization	70%	77%

See Footnote #4

## **Energy Burden**

National Average	15%
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	Service Area
Brogram Component	Average Energy
Program Component	Burden
ECIP Fast Track	31%
HEAP Gas & Electric	10%
Weatherization	10%

See Footnote #5

## **Primary Heating Fuel Type**

	Service Area					
	Natural Electricity Propane Fuel Oil, Wood Othe					Other
Census Data	69%	20%	8%	0%	2%	1%

	Service Area					
Program Component	Natural Gas Electricity Propane Fuel Oil, Kerosene Wood Other					Other
Weatherization	80%	2%	17%	0%	1%	0%

See Footnote #6

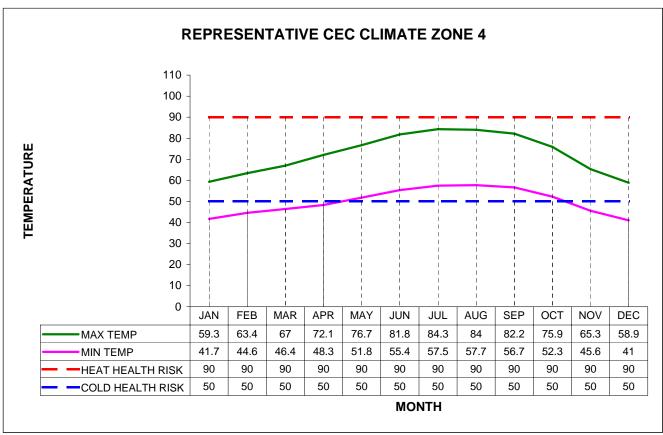
# **ECIP/HEAP Expenditures**

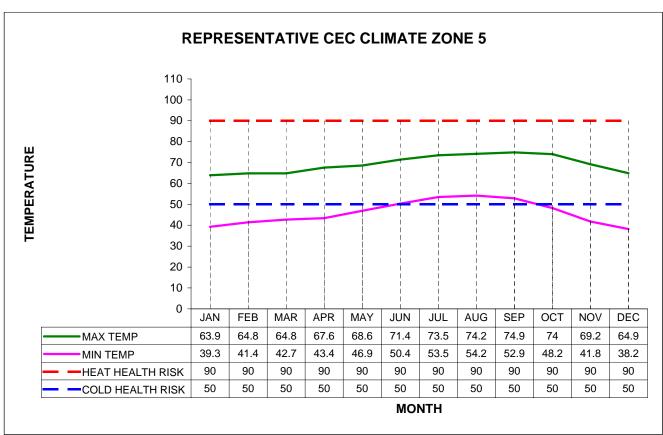
	Service Area	Statewide Range
Program Component	Actual Expenditures	Actual Expenditures
ECIP EHCS	30%	1% - 30%
ECIP Fast Track	18%	7% - 42%
ECIP WPO	3%	1% - 21%
HEAP Gas/Electric	46%	27% - 67%
HEAP WPO	4%	1% - 21%

See Footnote #7

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## **Climate Data**





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## **Climate Data**

Heating/Cooling Seasons				
Zone	one Heating Months Cooling Months			
4	November - April	n/a		
5	October - June	n/a		

CEC Climate Zone Descriptions		
Zone	Description	
4	Central coastal valley	
5	Central coastal	

## See Footnote #8

California Energy Commission (CEC) Building Climate Zones by City					
City	Climate Zone	City	Climate Zone		
Adelaida	4	McMillan Canyon	4		
Arroyo Grande	5	Morales Canyon	4		
Atascadero	4	Morro Bay	5		
Avila Beach	5	Nacimiento Reservoir	4		
Baywood Park	5	Nacimiento River	4		
Caliente Range	4	Nipomo	5		
California Valley	4	Oceano	5		
Cambria	5	Paso Robles AP	4		
Carrizo Plain	4	Pine Canyon	4		
Cayucos	5	Pine Mountain	4		
Cerro Alto	4	Pismo Beach	5		
Cholame	4	Point Buchon	5		
Creston	4	Point Piedras Blancas	5		
Cuesta Pass	4	Pozo	4		
Cuyama Valley	4	San Luis Obispo	5		
Edna	5	San Luis Obispo Bay	5		
El Paso de Robles	4	San Miguel	4		
Estero Bay	5	San Simeon	5		
Estrella	4	Santa Margarita	4		
Estrella River	4	Santa Margarita Lake	4		
Grover Beach	5	Santa Maria River	5		
Grover City	5	Shandon	4		
Harmony	5	Shedd Canyon	4		
Hog Canyon	4	Simmler	4		
Huasna	5	Soda Lake	4		
Huasna River	5	Taylor Canyon	4		
Irish Hills	5	Templeton	4		
La Panza Range	4	Tucker Canyon	4		
Lopez Lake	5	Whale Rock Reservoir	5		
Los Berros Canyon	5	Whitley Gardens	4		
Los Osos	5				

See Footnote #9

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## **Climate Data**

Department of Energy (DOE) Climate Zones by Weather Station					
Weather Station	Cooperative Station ID #		Cooling Degree Days (65° base)	DOE Climate Zone	
Morro Bay Fire Dept.	45866	3,344	50	4	
Paso Robles	46730	2,932	785	4	
Paso Robles Mun PRB	46742	2,789	1,038	4	
Pismo Beach	46943	2,524	151	4	
San Luis Obispo	47851	2,129	476	4	

See Footnote #10

## **Repeat Customers**

	Service Area	Statewide	
Program Component	Repeat Customers	Repeat Customers	
HEAP	28%	20%	
Fast Track	1%	10%	

See Footnote #11

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#### **Footnotes**

#### 1. Total Low Income Households

#### Source:

Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.

#### 2. Households Served and Average Benefit

- The average benefit per household for ECIP EHCS and Weatherization was calculated by dividing the total direct program activity by the total households served.
- The average benefit per household for Fast Track, WPO and HEAP was calculated by dividing the total benefits received by the total households served.

#### Sources:

- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.
- Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Year 2005.

#### 3. Household Income

#### Sources:

- Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.
- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.

### 4. Vulnerable Populations

The number of vulnerable population households is not duplicated.

#### Sources:

- Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.
- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.

### 5. **Energy Burden**

The energy burden is calculated by dividing the total household energy costs by the total household income.

### Source:

- The national average energy burden was derived from the LIHEAP Home Energy Workbook for Fiscal Year 2005, DHHS, May 2007, page i.
- Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2005.
- Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Year 2005.

### 6. **Primary Heating Fuel Type**

- Fuel types represent the types of fuels used as the primary heating source for low-income homes.
- The other heating fuel type category includes but is not limited to solar, coal and non-existent heating.

#### Source:

- Census information was provided by the California Department of Finance.
- Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Year 2006, the first year that fuel types were collected for LIHEAP.

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#### **Footnotes**

### 7. ECIP/HEAP Expenditures

- The expenditure ratios were calculated by dividing the total expenditures for each program by the sum total of all program expenditures included in this analysis.
- One standard deviation was used to determine the statewide ranges over a period of five years. For normally distributed data, about 68% of the values are within 1 standard deviation of the average. Sources:
- ECIP EHCS, WPO, and Weatherization data was derived from activity and reimbursement reports submitted for Program Years 2002 through 2006.
- Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Years 2002 through 2006.

#### 8. Representative CEC Climate Zones

- Heat and Cold Level 1 is categorized as cautionary.
- Heat and Cold Level 2 is categorized as extremely cautionary. Source:
- Cautionary levels of temperature were obtained from the California Office of Emergency Services.
- Average monthly maximum and minimum temperatures were derived from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Monthly Station Normals of Temperature, Precipitation and Heating and Cooling Degree Days 1971-2000, 04 California, February 2002.

### 9. CEC Building Climate Zones by City

#### Source:

• Climate zone data was obtained from the Joint Appendices for the 2005 Building Energy Efficiency Standards for Residential and Nonresidential Buildings, October 2004, Table II.2.

#### 10. **DOE Climate Zones by Weather Station**

- Heating and cooling degree days are used to categorize weather stations within a service area into DOE climate zones using a pre-established range of heating and cooling degree days.
- A degree day is calculated by subtracting the average temperature of the day from the degree day base. If it is a heating degree day, it is the difference below the base. If it is a cooling degree day, it is the difference above the base. The degree days are averaged over a 30-year period.

#### Source:

 Weather stations and degree days were obtained from the National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Annual Degree Days to Selected Bases, 1971-2000, released 6/20/02.

### 11. Repeat Customers

• The rate of repeat customers receiving utility assistance was calculated by dividing the total customers receiving services two or more consecutive program years by the total customers served from Program Years 2004 through 2006.

#### Source:

 Fast Track and HEAP data was derived from the CLASS database for Program Years 2004 through 2006.

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